

LONDON PREPARES FOR AIR SHIP RAID

BLINDS WERE WHISKED DOWN AND CITY WAS SOON IN DARKNESS

WAR SITUATION REMAINS THE SAME

Submarine Attacks on British Merchant Ships Paramount Topic of Discussion.

(By Associated Press.)
LONDON, Feb. 1.—Special orders issued by the police early tonight caused blinds to be whisked down all over London, and reports spread that five Zeppelin dirigible balloons, sighted over Dover and presumably making inland, had been fired on by the forts.

Part of the city of London waited for more than two hours with blinds drawn, but nothing happened. Inquiries elicited from the police that orders to prepare for an air raid had been issued by the war office, but whether because aircraft really had been sighted or as a rehearsal it was impossible to ascertain.

One message from Dover reported that the raiders had been driven off, but no details were forthcoming. This flurry broke the monotony of news from battle fronts, where none of the armies, either in the east or the west has delivered a blow sufficient to cause any shift in their alignment.

German submarine attacks on British merchant ships continue the paramount topic of discussion, and predictions are made that food prices, already soaring, will go still higher if more raids are accomplished. West coast shipping tonight temporary abandonment of all sailings for Belfast, Liverpool and Glasgow. One other Dublin company also has suspended sailings, but other schedules are being maintained.

The chief source Great Britain finds in the German submarine attacks is that the craft thus used cannot take part in regular naval operations.

Out of the confused fighting in the Carpathians, which continues to dominate the military situation, comes nothing in the way of the decisive conflict, and perhaps the most significant news from the east is the report from Petrograd that Field Marshal von Hindenburg is planning another general onslaught on the Russian lines west of Warsaw.

Artillery duels almost exclusively have been the measure of the recent fighting in France and Belgium. The German official statement dismisses the western theatre with the terse announcement "nothing to report." The French record only one infantry attack, southeast of Ypres, where they say they stopped a German attempt to advance.

The British parliament will reassemble tomorrow to consider war time questions. Although no contentious legislation will be debated, the labor party will press for government action with reference to the increase in the price of food, alien enemy restrictions probably again will be threshed out, and there is likely to be a further request for more information on the recruiting situation.

London newspapers are pointing out the growing unrest in labor circles and there is a belief in some quarters that this may necessitate action by the government. Fifty thousand miners in West Yorkshire, whose agreement with their employers expires in a fortnight, are demanding wage increases on a threat to strike. The Welsh miners are demanding increased pay and better working conditions, while the railway men contend that their wages are not in keeping with the increased cost of living. The first thing to be dealt with by parliament, however, will be finance. The old year will be wound up and the new estimates discussed.

Extend Suffrage to Women.
TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 1.—The house tonight unanimously passed a joint resolution to amend the State constitution by extending suffrage to women. Both houses passed the resolution last year and if the senate acts favorably the question will be submitted to voters.

Blizzard in Wisconsin.
MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 1.—A blizzard of unusual proportions is sweeping throughout Wisconsin, paralyzing traffic. There was scarcely an outlet from Milwaukee, either by telephone or telegraph, up to noon, and steam and electric roads suffered.

Seven Killed by Falling Walls.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Feb. 1.—Seven women clearing away the ruins of a burned building were killed here today when a wall fell.

A dozen other men were caught by falling debris and some were seriously injured. Members of the police and fire departments worked for hours to extricate the victims.

3 Executed In Mexico

General Carranza, His Son, and Ignacio Peroldi Put to Death by Constitutionalist General

(By Associated Press.)
LAREDO, Tex., Feb. 1.—General Jesus Carranza, his son, Abelardo, and Ignacio Peroldi, member of his staff, were executed by General Santibanez, former Constitutionalist general who defected to Zapata, according to a telegram received by the widow of General Carranza from the first chief at Vera Cruz.

General Venustiano Carranza, in his message to Mrs. Carranza, who is a refugee here, stated that troops would be sent to recover the bodies.

General Jesus Carranza and his staff were taken prisoners by troops commanded by Santibanez recently near San Geronimo on the Isthmus of Tehuantepec and his staff, according to reports, were executed immediately. Jesus Carranza, his son, Abelardo, and Peroldi, a relative were held prisoners at that time by Santibanez, who had joined forces with Zapata.

The father, mother, wife and other members of General Santibanez's family were recently reported captured in the state of Jalapa and sent to Vera Cruz, where Constitutionalist said they would hold them pending disposition of Jesus Carranza.

It is stated that Jesus Carranza, brother of the "first chief," was executed because of the refusal of General Venustiano Carranza to restore Santibanez to his command as general in the Carranza army. At the time of his capture such a demand with a threat that he would be executed unless it was complied with was conveyed to General Carranza. The latter replied that his brother was willing to die for the cause if necessary and that he would accept this alternative rather than condone Santibanez's act.

The order went forth from Vera Cruz immediately, however, for troops to be rushed into Tehuantepec to rescue the captured general and his staff. Apparently they arrived too late.

Santibanez, formerly a general in the federal army, later joined the Carranza forces, finally leaving them and attaching himself to Zapata's command. It is not known here what caused Santibanez to leave Carranza.

Statewide in Arkansas.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 1.—Prohibition won in the legislature today when a Statewide bill passed the house. The measure now goes to the senate.

Woman Suffrage in Arkansas.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 1.—Woman's suffrage scored a victory in Arkansas today when the senate, 23 to 12, adopted a resolution placing the question before the voters of the State at the next general election.

IMPROVEMENTS BEGUN ON MILL VILLAGE STA.

THOROUGHFARES IN ANDERSON MILL VILLAGE BEING WORKED OUT

FORCE 52 HANDS

At Work on the Improvements.
1 Street Widened and Sidewalk Built.

Extensive improvements in the streets of the Anderson Mill village, which were recently taken over by the city, are now under way and with a little more favorable weather will be completed in a something like six weeks.

The improvements will cover all streets from A to I. Work was recently begun on I street and will go forward on the other streets until the improvements are completed. I street is being widened and sidewalks are being constructed, while a considerable amount of grading is being done in steep places on the streets. The improvements on I street are rapidly nearing completion. A force of 52 hands are engaged in the work.

This work is being done in Ward 6, which is represented by Alderman Carter, who introduced in council the resolution providing for the city taking over the streets of the mill village. This alderman has been particularly active in the interests of his ward. He introduced in council the resolution repealing the sanitary tax measure. The repealing of this ordinance meant more to the people of Ward 6 than those in any other ward of the city.

NO PROTEST AGAINST SHIP PURCHASE BILL

UNDERWOOD AND BRYAN DENY RECEIVING NOTE FROM GREAT BRITAIN

REPUBLICANS MAKE CHARGE

Representative Man Afraid State Department Has Not Been Entirely Frank.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Insistent statements today by Representative Mann and other Republicans in the house that the state department has received a note from Great Britain regarding the pending ship purchase bill brought forth denials from both Majority Leader Underwood and Secretary Bryan. The note was alleged to have been from Sir Edward Grey declaring the proposed purchase of German or Austrian ships an unneutral act.

During the day Secretary Bryan made a formal statement:

"No nation has protested against the passage of the shipping bill and it is not likely that any nation will or would since the bill does not necessarily raise any diplomatic questions. It is not proper for the state department at this time to discuss the manner in which the authority conferred by the bill will, or should be exercised. We assume that the authority conferred upon the president and those who will be associated with him in the matter will be exercised properly and with a due regard to the nation's welfare."

When Representative Underwood denied the existence of a note, Representative Mann said he had no doubt of the majority leader's sincerity, but was afraid the state department had not been entirely frank with him.

"Information has come to me," said Mr. Mann, "in a way which I think makes it reliable that the state department not only has had communication on the subject, but that that department has had a letter on the subject from an official of the British government."

Mr. Underwood repeated his denial when Mr. Mann suggested that the representations might have been made through "not in writing."

"It might have been a thousand things," replied the Democratic leader. "The bill pending in the senate has not the line in it that compels the purchase of a German ship or interned ship of the Allies. It leaves it discretionary with the board to be appointed."

Representative Lenroot, of Wisconsin, suggested that Mr. Underwood make another inquiry of the department when Representative Cullip informed the house of the formal denial issued by Mr. Bryan. Representative Garner, of Texas, asked Mr. Underwood whether the British ambassador, in discussing the subject, did so on instruction from his government. Mr. Underwood said he did not think it necessary to answer further questions.

In a conference with newspaper men late today Secretary Bryan was asked numerous questions about the alleged note. He was asked if he had discussed the subjects involved in the shipping bill "with any representative of any foreign government."

"I am not will," replied the secretary, "to discuss with any foreign government the manner in which the power, if conferred, will be exercised."

The secretary was asked if any of the foreign governments had presented their views regarding the transfer of ships. He said he did not care to discuss questions "which were not connected with this particular proposition" and intimated published reports had associated notes received some time ago on various phases of the ship registry question with an application to the pending bill.

"While you were away," the secretary was told, "the statement was made that the British ambassador had said to you that the British government would look upon the transfer of any vessels now interned in American ports—German and Austrian vessels—as an unneutral act."

"Go to the person who gave you that statement and let him confirm it," suggested Mr. Bryan.

At the British embassy, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice refused to see newspaper men or discuss the published reports.

Advance Frank Appeal.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The supreme court today advanced Leo M. Frank's habeas corpus appeal for oral arguments to February 23 on joint request of counsel for Frank and the State of Georgia.

Three Killed in Collision.
CINCINNATI, Feb. 1.—Three persons were killed and 13 hurt in a collision between a traction car and a steam freight train on the Cincinnati, Georgetown and Portsmouth Railroad near Amelia today. Some of the injured, it is feared, will die.

LAUNCH MOVEMENT AGAINST BOUH FACTIONS

DIRECTED AGAINST CARRANZA AND VILLA ELEMENTS IN MEXICO

PEACE MEETING IN SAN ANTONIO

Will Advance New Plan of Government an Name Provisional President.

(By Associated Press.)
EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 1.—A movement directed against the Carranza and Villa elements in Mexico has been launched by the Cientifico party, which supported Diaz and the Huerta regime, according to authentic information received here today. The new movement is said to have received the adherence of many formerly wealthy land owners.

Further it was declared that a purported peace conference of prominent Mexicans, set for February 5, at San Antonio, Tex., was expected to advance a new plan of government which would oppose both the Constitutionalist and the conventionalists. Federico Gamboa, a former cabinet minister under President Huerta, and once ambassador to the Washington government, was reported as having been slated for the position of provisional president.

In the new movement of the "Cientifico" party and the military talent and resources of the Orozco revolution are said to be relied upon to combat the Villa and Zapata strength. Both officers and soldiers who fought with Orozco in his revolution against the Madero government have retained largely their organization, few of them taking part in the conflicts during the last year. General Ynez Salazar, a former Orozco chieftain, already is in the field in Chihuahua State.

Several of those connected with the San Antonio meeting, which was promoted originally by Antonio Elias, a former Huerta consul official have asserted that permission to hold the conference had been granted by the United States government. During the last two days some of the most prominent soldiers connected with the former Huerta and Diaz governments have met here or at San Antonio. Several of the delegates sojourning in California.

Detectives here today were investigating the destination of the large shipment of rifles and cartridges held recently by authorities at San Diego, California, on their way from New York to Topolobampo, a Pacific port. The shipment, which was first supposed destined for the warships of some European power, they believe, was contracted for by the movement in Mexico.

WIDOW AND CHILDREN SOLE BENEFICIARIES

Will of Former Atlanta Man, Disposing of \$1,000,000 Estate, Filed For Probate.

(By Associated Press.)
ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 1.—The will of Samuel M. Inman, which disposed of an estate valued at more than \$1,000,000, was filed for probate here today. His widow and three children are the sole beneficiaries.

During his lifetime Mr. Inman made numerous donations to charities and philanthropies, the total aggregating more than \$1,000,000 it is said. A few days before his death he arranged for gifts of \$35,000 to Oglethorpe University, here, \$25,000 to Agnes Scott College at Decatur, Ga., and \$5,000 to the new Methodist University being established in this city.

Florida Editor Dead.
PENSACOLA, Fla., Feb. 1.—Frank L. Mayes, owner and editor of The Pensacola Journal, and part owner of The Meridian (Miss.) Dispatch, died here today after an illness of several days. Death was due to a complication of diseases. Mr. Mayes was prominent in State and national politics and served twice as delegate to national Democratic conventions. He was 41 years old and had lived in Pensacola 16 years.

RETURNS WILL SHOW LIGHT REGISTRATION
CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Women voters of Chicago must tell their names when they register tomorrow, County Judge Scully ruled today. They must answer the same questions, he decided, that are required of the men.

DEMOCRATS LINE UP WITH REPUBLICANS

Reported Villa Died

As the Result of Wounds Inflicted at Aguas Calientes by Personal Guard.

(By Associated Press.)
MEXICO CITY, Feb. 1.—Colonel Serrano, chief of General Obregon's staff, tonight telegraphed General Venustiano Carranza as follows: "A Constitutionalist chief arriving here from Tepic says it is reported at Irapuato that General Villa died as the result of wounds inflicted at Aguas Calientes by Colonel Rodolfo Fierro. The report emanates from Villa's source."

The state department at Washington was advised Sunday by American Agent Carothers at El Paso that General Villa had sent him a telegram from Aguas Calientes Saturday saying he had not been injured.

Train Service Delayed.
CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Weather forecasts tonight were that a snow and sleet storm which covered the entire middle west today would last several days. The storm cut off telephone and telegraph communication through wide areas and train service on transcontinental lines was delayed.

Fear Felt For Cattle.
KANSAS CITY, Feb. 1.—Weather bureau reports today tell of a severe snowstorm raging over northeast Oklahoma, which is gaining in fury hourly. Fear is felt for cattle on the Osage ranges. The temperature has fallen 50 degrees at Tulsa in the last 24 hours.

To Furnish Germany Grain.
BERLIN, Feb. 1.—(by wireless via London, 8:20 p. m.)—It is semi-officially reported from Bucharest that Rumania is to supply Germany, by pre-arrangement, a large quantity of grain, transportation for which is to be furnished by Germany.

Drops Dead.
ST. PETERSBURG, Fla., Feb. 1.—After reading a telegram announcing the death of her daughter at Lansing, Mich., Mrs. Albert DeCamp dropped dead today at her home here. She was 76 years old.

Urged to Curtail Crop Half.
RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 1.—Cotton farmers throughout the State were urged to curtail their crop 50 per cent. This year and officials of other cotton States were urged to recommend similar action in their States by a resolution passed today by the North Carolina State senate. An identical resolution was passed by the house last week.

EQUINOX MILLS WILL RESUME OPERATION

PLANT WAS EXPECTED TO START UP AGAIN THIS MORNING

TROUBLE ENDED?
Believed That Large Majority of Employees Would Return to Regular Posts.

In all probability, the strike troubles at the Equinox mill are over; and it is altogether probable that by the time subscribers of The Intelligencer receive their paper the plant will be in operation and a large majority or all of the old employees back at their usual posts of duty.

Or at least it appeared yesterday that this would be the case, for it was announced Monday morning that the mill would start at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon. But at that hour there was trouble on the power lines from Portman Shoals and all the mills about the city driving with electric current were at a standstill, so, of course, the plant could not be put in operation. It was then announced that the mill would be started at the usual time Tuesday (this) morning.

It was stated yesterday by those who are conversant with the situation that it is very likely a large majority of the employees of the mill will return to work this morning. A majority of those who were out of work on account of the mill being closed down expressed themselves, it is stated, as being anxious to return to work.

While there may be a few of the strikers who will not turn to work, it was stated, it is believed not enough will remain out to hamper in any way the operation of the mill.

ATTEMPT TO RECOMMIT GOVERNMENT SHIP PURCHASE BILL

SENATOR CLARKE SPRUNG SURPRISE

Revolt Turns Administration Advantage Into a Defensive That Appears Almost Hopeless.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—Nine Democrats in the senate today joined an alliance with the Republicans in an unexpected attempt to recommit the government ship purchase bill.

The sudden revolt turned in a twinkling an administration advantage into a defensive, which tonight appeared almost hopeless to many Democratic leaders.

Forced to fight for the very life of the proposed measure, the Democrats succeeded in adjourning the senate with the motion pending to send the bill back to committee. A party caucus immediately was called for tomorrow morning.

Senator Clarke, of Arkansas, sprang the surprise when he rose while Senator William Alden Smith, of Michigan, was concluding a long speech against the bill and asked him to yield for a motion. The senator yielded and Senator Clarke, introducing his remarks with an appeal for consideration of other legislation, moved to send back the ship bill.

The legislative pandemonium that followed had not been witnessed in the senate in many years. Senators poured from the cloak rooms to the chamber. The rush from the Republican cloak room was even more immediate, as they had been forewarned.

As soon as administration leaders could catch their breath, Senator Fletcher, in charge of the bill, made a point of order against the motion which Vice President Marshall sustained. Senator Clarke appealed and the chair was overruled and Senator Clarke's appeal sustained, 46 to 47. Nine Democrats voted with the Republicans. The motion to recommit was pending when the senate adjourned until noon tomorrow.

Nine Vote Against Ruling.

The nine Democrats who voted against the ruling of the chair were Bankhead, of Alabama; Camden, Kentucky; Clarke, Arkansas; Hardwick, Georgia; Bryan, Florida; Hitchcock, Nebraska; O'Gorman, New York; Smith, Georgia, and Vardaman, Mississippi. As soon as the record of this vote had been cleared, Senator Stone was recognized. The chamber was in confusion as the Missourian, who has stood by the bill through the bitter struggle of the last two weeks, surveyed the assemblage for a moment. With a gesture toward his own side of the aisle, Senator Stone declared:

Defeat Motion to Adjourn.
"In order that Democrats may have a conference and that the Republicans and their allies may hold a conference, I move that the senate do now adjourn."

The motion was immediately put and there was a loud chorus of "noes." On a roll call the motion to adjourn was lost by a vote of 49 to 36. Senator Stone then moved that Senator Clarke's motion to recommit be laid on the table and this, too, was lost by a vote of 44 to 42, seven Democrats voting with the Republicans and Senator La Follette aligning himself with the Democratic minority.

Democrats who opposed the motion to table were Bankhead, Camden, Clarke, Hardwick, Hitchcock, O'Gorman and Vardaman. These seven, it subsequently developed, had conferred early in the day and determined to break the deadlock with a view either to material revision of the measure or entirely sidetracking it, at least insofar as the present session is concerned.

This brought the motion to recommit squarely before the senate, when Senator Reed, of Missouri, was recognized and began arraigning his colleagues, who had revolted, and Republicans who had opposed the bill as supporters of the shipping trust which had sought to plunder the shippers of America. For nearly an hour Senator Reed, who persistently throughout the administration had been opposed to its purposes, defended the bill.

"I congratulate the hoary old ship trust monopoly," he said, "on the fact that it appears still to possess in this day and age enough vigor to invade the Democratic side of the chamber and find votes in its support."

Seek Conferences With Progressives.
While Senator Reed was speaking Republican senators exulted while Democratic leaders rushed hurriedly in and out of committee room conferences to determine on a course of action. They counted noses, figuring on absentees and could not see a way

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